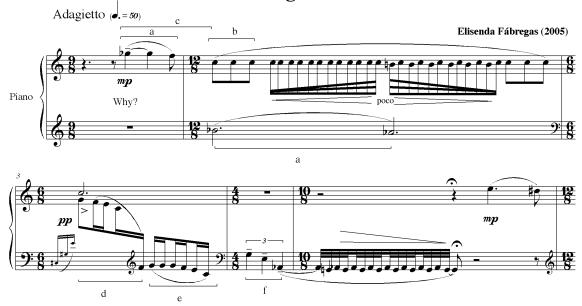
HOMMAGE À MOZART ANALYSIS Elisenda Fábregas

SECTION I (MEASURE 1 THROUGH 97)

TOTAL: 97 MEASURES

Measures 1-5

<u>Theme A1</u> with all its various motives: a,b,c,d,e,f. Repeated twice, each time differently.

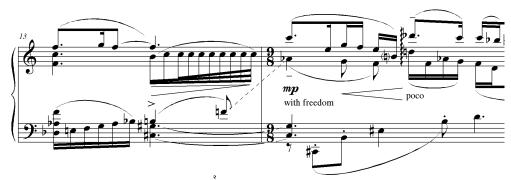


Measures 6-8: Theme A1 varied

Measures 9-12: Theme A1 varied leading into Mozart's theme.

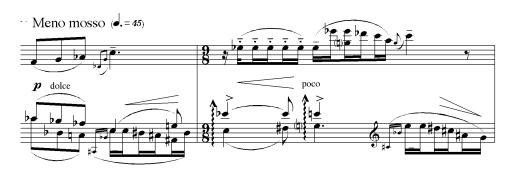
Measure 13-14

Partial quote from theme of $\underline{\text{Mozart's Piano Concerto No. 24 in C}}$ minor in the inner voices.

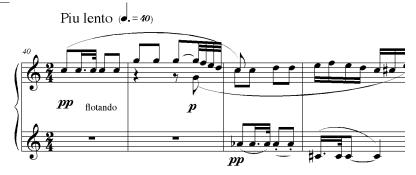


Measures 20 through 30: Second restatement of Theme A1 but varied. Repeated twice again.

Measures 32 through 39: Small development of motives d and e from Theme A1



Measures 40-53: Introduction of two Mozart themes: Theme in F major from the first movement of Piano Concerto #19 in the soprano, Aria #20 (Ein Madehen oder Weibehem) in the middle voice



Measure 54 through 66: Variation of previous introduction of Theme in F major from the first movement of Piano Concerto #19 along with references to motif b, d, e and f from Theme A1.

Measures 67 through 87: Variation of <u>Theme A1</u>. It includes a climax in measure 75 that anticipates the biggest climax of the piece in measure 95-97.

Measure 88 through 97: Reintroduction of Theme in F major from the first movement of Mozart's Piano Concerto #19 leading to the biggest climax in measure 95-97



and to the most dramatic moment when the slow section starts in measure 98 the center of gravity of the piece.

SECTION II (MEASURE 97 THOURGH 154)

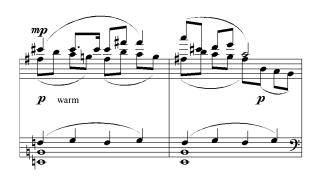
TOTAL: 57 MEASURES

Measure 98 through 110: AndanteSostenuto e con tristezza - Variation of Theme A1 (head (minor second) is moti a in half notes)



Measure 110 through143: Introduction and developemnt of the theme form the <u>Larguetto from the Piano Concerto No. 24 in C minor.</u>

Measure 111 through 119

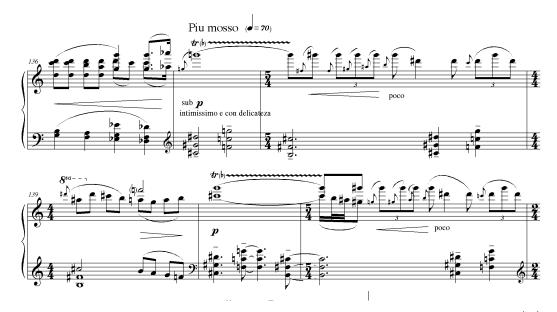


Small transition (measures 119-129) with Mozart rhythmic motives and motives from Theme A1

Measure 129 through 137



Measures 137-143: Variation of the Larguetto theme – part of the theme is inverted (perfect 4th)



Measure 144 through 154: PROGRESSIVE reintroduction of Mozart rhytmic motive ()...)

SECTION III (MEASURES 155-205)

TOTAL: 50 MEASURES

Measures 155 through 181: Tempo Giusto. Introduction, combination and development of Theme in F major from the first movement of Piano Concerto #19 and Aria #14 (Königin der Nacht) from the Magic Flute; Use of bitonality.



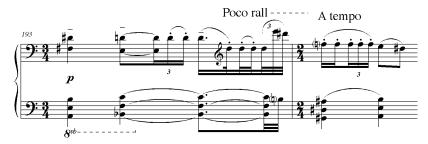
Measure 180 – Interruption of mad rising progression.

Measures 182- 187 – Adagio (Transition)

Measure 188 through 205 - <u>Coda</u> – Molto espressivo – Partial variation of theme A1 along with Mozart rhythmic motif.



Measure 193 - Appearance of motive from slow section along with repeated notes from Theme A1

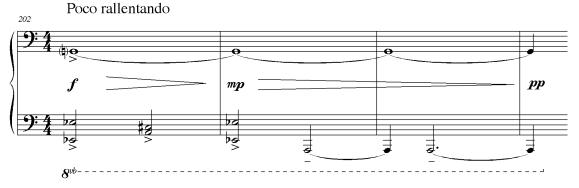


Measure 196 - Remembrance of repeated note motive from Theme A1



Measure 202-205 –Mozart has the last laugh in measure 201 (see below) and ends (measures 202-205) with motif **c** from Theme A1– D sharp (E flat)-C sharp-A in the bass line.





Repeated notes of Theme A1 are related and connected to repeated notes of $\underbrace{\textit{Aria #14 (K\"onigin der Nacht)}}$ from the Magic Flute;

Conflicting and contrasting side of Mozart: Pain and playfulnes, humor. Work ends with a dark Mozart laugh like he is laughing at us from the grave.

Developing variation principle is used throughout this work.

Modified rondo Form